



Application Note

# Astra™ Machina Foundation Series – UART

Abstract: This document details UART connection to Astra™ Machina Foundation Series evaluation modules containing the SL16xx and SL261x SoCs

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## 1. Overview

The Astra™ Machina Foundation Series offers evaluation-ready kits that facilitate quick and straightforward prototyping with the Synaptics SL-Series of embedded Linux® and Android™ processors. Featuring a modular design, these kits include interchangeable core compute modules, a standard I/O board, and daughter cards for connectivity, debugging, and various I/O configurations. Additionally, the Astra Machina Foundation Series features UART(x) technology.

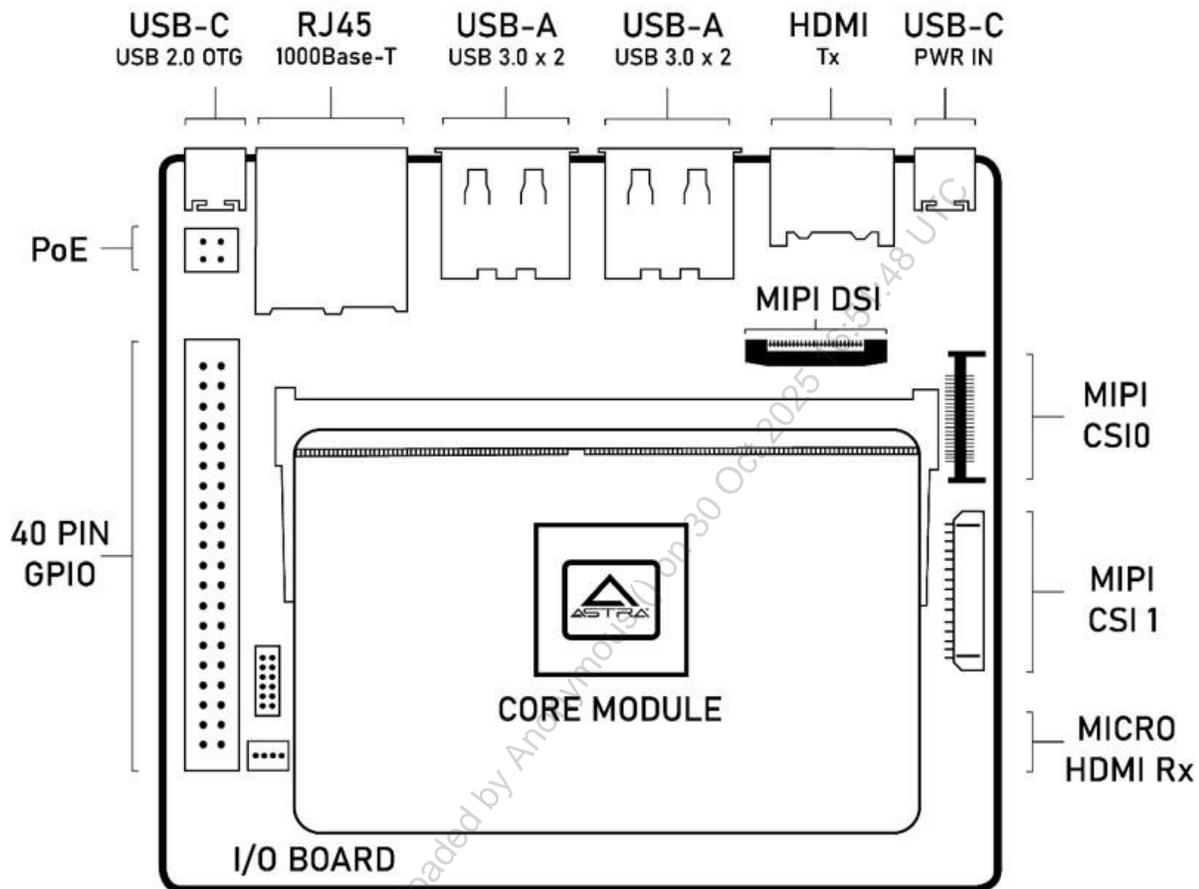


Figure 1. Astra Machina Foundation Series overview

## 1.1. Scope

This document details UART connection to Astra™ Machina Foundation Series evaluation modules containing the SL16xx series and SL261x SoCs. The supported UART to USB debug/console driver IC are listed.



Figure 2. UART pins on 40-pin header (J32) Astra Machina IO board

UART to USB driver modules are connected to 40-pin header (J32) for debug/console.

Table 1. UART to USB supported Drivers

UART to USB driver modules Pin Function	Astra SL16xx/SL261x RDK 40-pin Connector	Astra SL16xx/SL261x RDK 40-pin Function
5V-Out	NC	NC
TX-Out	Pin-10	UART0_Rx-In
RX-IN	Pin-8	UART0_Tx-Out
GND	Pin-6	GND

Supported UART to USB driver modules:

1. Adafruit USB to UART Debug / Console Cable (CP2102 Driver IC)
  - o <https://www.digikey.com/en/products/detail/adafruit-industries-llc/954/7064488>
  - o <https://www.adafruit.com/product/954#technical-details>
  - o [https://item.taobao.com/item.htm?\\_u=e1cfiiqc248&id=37946005623&spm=a1z09.2.0.0.40112e8dTnAnEI&skuld=4878151064465](https://item.taobao.com/item.htm?_u=e1cfiiqc248&id=37946005623&spm=a1z09.2.0.0.40112e8dTnAnEI&skuld=4878151064465)
2. CenryKay USB to UART Debug / Console Cable (CH340G Driver IC)
  - o [https://www.amazon.com/dp/B09Z2GZ6W4?ref=ppx\\_yo2ov\\_dt\\_b\\_product\\_details&th=1](https://www.amazon.com/dp/B09Z2GZ6W4?ref=ppx_yo2ov_dt_b_product_details&th=1)

## 2. UART (x) Introduction

Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) is a peripheral device for asynchronous serial communication in which the data format and transmission speeds are configurable.

### 2.1. UART (x) Timing

Table 2. UART to USB supported Drivers

Parameter	Condition	Typ1	Units
TX bit width	±5%	8.68	µs
RX bit width	±5%	8.68	µs

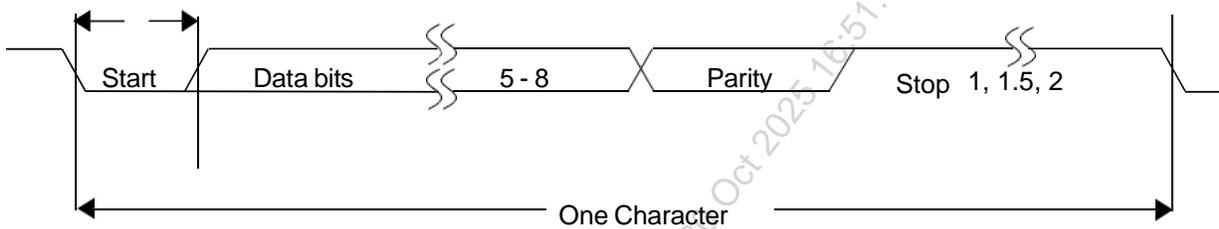


Figure 3. Serial Data Format

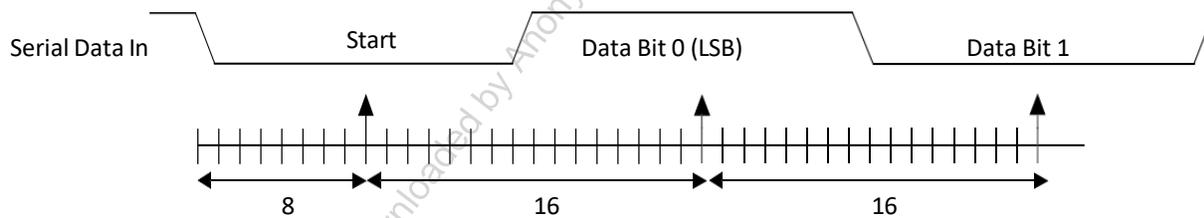


Figure 4. Receiver Serial Data Sample Points

## 2.2. SL16xx and SL261x UART(x) Baud Rate

SL16xx/SL261x Series UART Interface support various Baud Rates. However, SL16xx/ SL261x Series application set and verified at 115.2K Baud.

Table 3. SL261x and SL16xx UART block Clock Source

UART(x)	SL1680 Clk source
SM_UART(0)	25 MHz
SM_UART(1)	25 MHz
SOC_UART(2)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(3)	100 MHz

UART(x)	SL1640 Clk source
SM_UART(0)	25 MHz
SM_UART(1)	25 MHz
SOC_UART(2)	100 MHz

UART(x)	SL1620 Clk source
SOC_UART(1)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(2)	100 MHz

UART(x)	SL261x Clk source
SM_UART(0)	25 MHz
SM_UART(1)	100 MHz
SM_UART(2)	100 MHz
SM_UART(3)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(4)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(5)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(6)	100 MHz
SOC_UART(7)	100 MHz

### 2.2.1. Baud Rate Calculation

#### Divider Mechanism:

To achieve high accuracy and minimal baud deviation, the UART uses a combined integer and fractional divider system. This mechanism allows precise baud generation from reference clocks,

The baud rate clock is calculated as:

$$F_{OUT} = \frac{F_{CLK\_IN}}{16 \times \left( \text{Integer} + \frac{\text{Frac}}{16} \right)}$$

Where:

- F\_OUT is the desired baud rate,
- F\_CLK\_IN is the input clock frequency,
- Integer is the integer divider (from DLL and DLH),
- Frac is the 4-bit fractional component (from DLF).

## Formula to Calculate Dividers

Given a target baud rate:

$$\text{Integer} = \text{Int} \left( \frac{F_{\text{CLK\_IN}}}{16 \times \text{BaudRate}} \right)$$

$$\text{Frac} = \text{Round} \left( 16 \times \left( \frac{F_{\text{CLK\_IN}}}{16 \times \text{BaudRate}} - \text{Integer} \right) \right)$$

## Constraints

- Integer divider must be greater than 2
- Frac must be non-zero
- The resulting baud rate deviation should be < 2%, to meet UART standards.

Table 4. UART Baud Rate Configuration Registers

Register	Offset	Field	Description
DLL	0x00	[7:0]	Divisor Latch Low (Integer part LSB)
DLH	0x04	[7:0]	Divisor Latch High (Integer part MSB)
DLF	0xC0	[3:0]	Divisor Latch Fraction (4-bit Frac)
LCR	0x0C	[7] DLAB	Divisor Latch Access Bit (enable DLL/DLH access)

### 3. SL16xx and SL261x UART Pinmux

Following are the SL261x and SL16xx UART Pinmux tables.

Table 5. SL1680 UART Pinmux

Pin #	Mode 0	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 4	Mode 5	Mode 6	Mode 7
AW51	SM_URTO_RXD	–	–	–	–	–	–
AW55	SM_URTO_TXD	–	–	–	–	–	–
AY59	–	–	–	–	–	–	SM_URT1_CTSn
AR55	–	–	–	–	–	M_URT1_RTSn	–
AB60	–	SM_URT1_RXD	–	–	–	–	–
AG59	–	SM_URT1_TXD	–	–	–	–	–
AT59	–	–	–	–	URT2_TXD	–	–
AY59	–	–	–	–	URT2_RXD	–	–
AY60	–	–	URT2_RTSn	–	–	–	–
AY57	–	–	URT2_CTSn	–	–	–	–
W47	–	–	–	URT3_RXD	–	–	–
R51	–	–	–	URT3_TXD	–	–	–
W49	–	–	–	URT3_CTSn	–	–	–
R53	–	–	–	URT3_RTSn	–	–	–

Table 6. SL1640 UART Pinmux

Pin #	Mode 0	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 4	Mode 5	Mode 6	Mode 7
AL28	SM_URTO_TXD	–	–	–	–	–	–
AK28	SM_URTO_RXD	–	–	–	–	–	–
AC32	–	SM_URT1_TXD	–	–	–	–	–
AD31	–	SM_URT1_RXD	–	–	–	–	–
AK31	–	–	–	–	–	SM_URT1_RTSn	–
AL30	–	–	–	–	–	–	SM_URT1_CTSn
AK32	–	–	–	–	URT2A_TXD	–	–
AL30	–	–	–	–	URT2A_RXD	–	–
AN30	–	–	URT2A_RTSn	–	–	–	–
AL29	–	–	URT2A_CTSn	–	–	–	–
B5	–	–	–	URT2B_RXD	–	–	–
B6	–	–	–	URT2B_TXD	–	–	–
B7	–	–	–	URT2B_CTSn	–	–	–
A8	–	–	–	URT2B_RTSn	–	–	–

Table 7. SL1620 UART Pinmux

Pin #	Mode 0	Mode 2	Mode 3
F14	URTOA_RXD	—	—
B15	URTOA_TXD	—	—
A8	—	URTOA_CTSn	—
B8	—	URTOA_RTSn	—
B13	—	URTOB_RXD	—
C12	—	URTOB_TXD	—
N31	—	URTOB_CTSn	—
P27	—	URTOB_RTSn	—
C22	—	URT1A_RXD	—
C23	—	URT1A_TXD	—
B21	—	URT1A_RTSn	—
C21	—	URT1A_CTSn	—
B25	—	—	URT1B_TXD
B26	—	—	URT1B_RXD
C26	—	—	URT1B_RTSn
C27	—	—	URT1B_CTSn

Table 8. SL261x UART Pinmux

Pin #	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3	Mode 4	Mode 5	Mode 6	Mode 7
V30	—	SM_URTO_TXD	—	—	—	—	—
T30	—	SM_URTO_RXD	—	—	—	—	—
T31	SM_URTO_RXD	—	—	—	—	SM_URT1_RXD	—
U26	SM_URTO_TXD	—	—	—	—	SM_URT1_TXD	—
P29	—	SM_URTO_CTSn	—	—	—	SM_URT1_CTSn	—
P30	—	SM_URTO_RTSn	—	—	—	SM_URT1_RTSn	—
R29	SM_URT1_RXD	—	—	—	—	SM_URTO_RXD	—
N30	SM_URT1_TXD	—	—	—	—	SM_URTO_TXD	—
L29	—	SM_URT2_TXD	—	SM_URT3_RTSn	SM_URT3_DE	—	—
K29	—	SM_URT2_RXD	—	SM_URT3_CTSn	SM_URT3_REn	—	—
J29	—	SM_URT3_TXD	—	SM_URT2_RTSn	SM_URTO_RTSn	—	SM_URT1_RTSn
H30	—	SM_URT3_RXD	—	SM_URT2_CTSn	SM_URTO_CTSn	—	SM_URT1_CTSn
F19	—	SM_URT1_RXD	—	—	SM_URTO_RXD	—	—
A21	—	SM_URT1_TXD	—	—	SM_URTO_TXD	—	—
B21	—	—	SM_URT2_TXD	SM_URT3_RTSn	—	SM_URT3_DE	—
C21	—	—	SM_URT2_RXD	SM_URT3_CTSn	—	SM_URT3_REn	—
F21	—	SM_URT1_RTSn	SM_URT3_TXD	SM_URT2_RTSn	—	SM_URTO_RTSn	—
C22	—	SM_URT1_CTSn	SM_URT3_RXD	SM_URT2_CTSn	—	SM_URTO_CTSn	—
C6	URT5_RXD	—	—	SM_URT1_RXD	—	—	—
C5	URT5_TXD	—	—	SM_URT1_TXD	—	—	—
A3	—	URT4_TXD	—	SM_URT1_RTSn	—	—	—
B2	—	URT4_RXD	—	SM_URT1_CTSn	—	—	—
A6	—	URT4_DE	—	SM_URT1_RXD	—	—	—
B6	—	URT4_Ren	—	SM_URT1_TXD	—	—	—
C9	—	—	—	URT5_RXD	—	—	—
B9	—	—	—	URT5_TXD	—	—	—
D11	—	—	—	URT6_RXD	—	—	—
A9	—	—	—	URT6_TXD	—	—	—
B12	—	—	—	URT7_RXD	—	—	—
C13	—	—	—	URT7_TXD	—	—	—
C14	—	—	—	—	SM_URT1_RTSn	—	—
B14	—	—	—	—	SM_URT1_CTSn	—	—

## 4. SL16xx and SL261x UART Program Flow

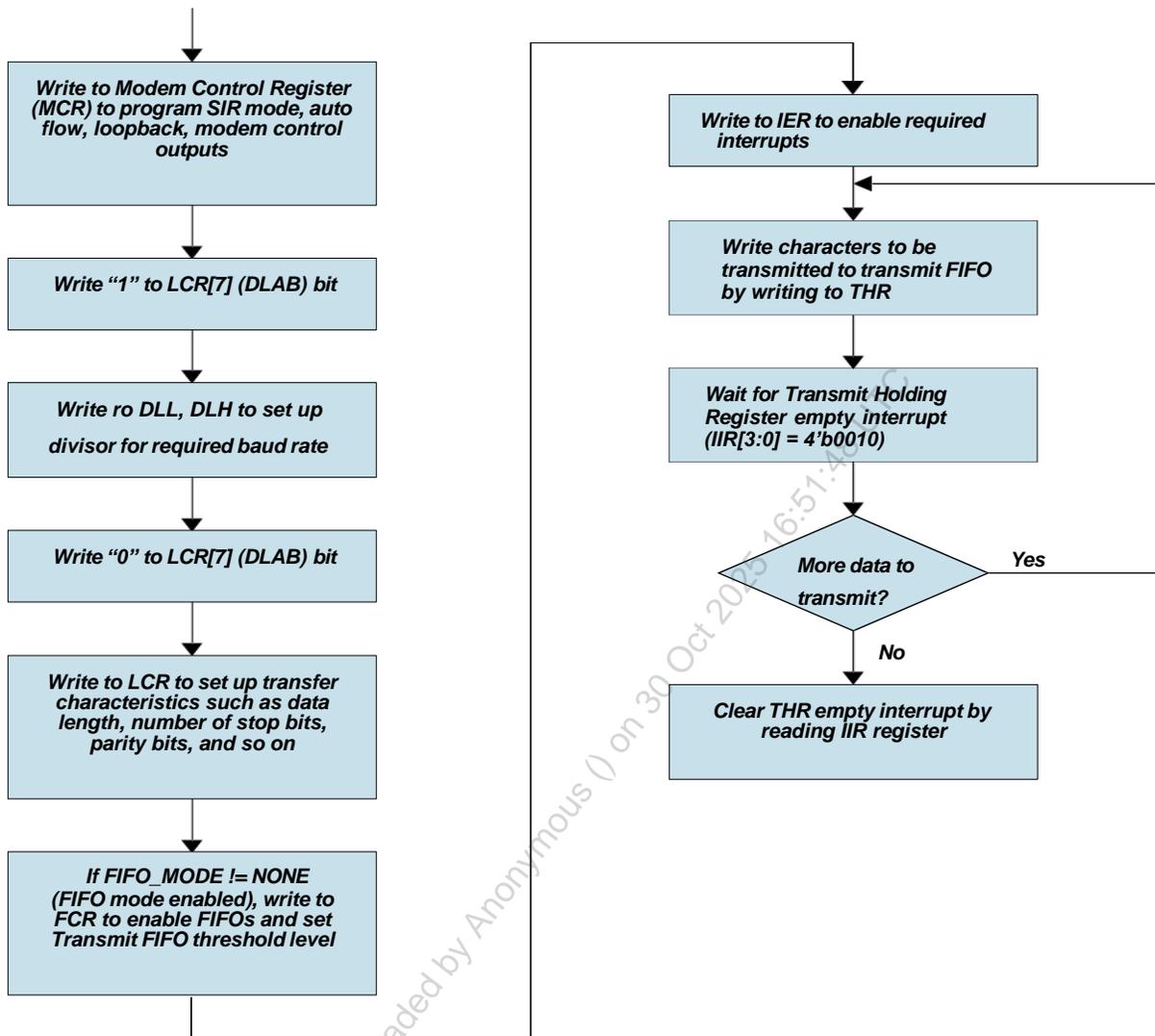


Figure 5. Flowchart UART Transmit Programming Example

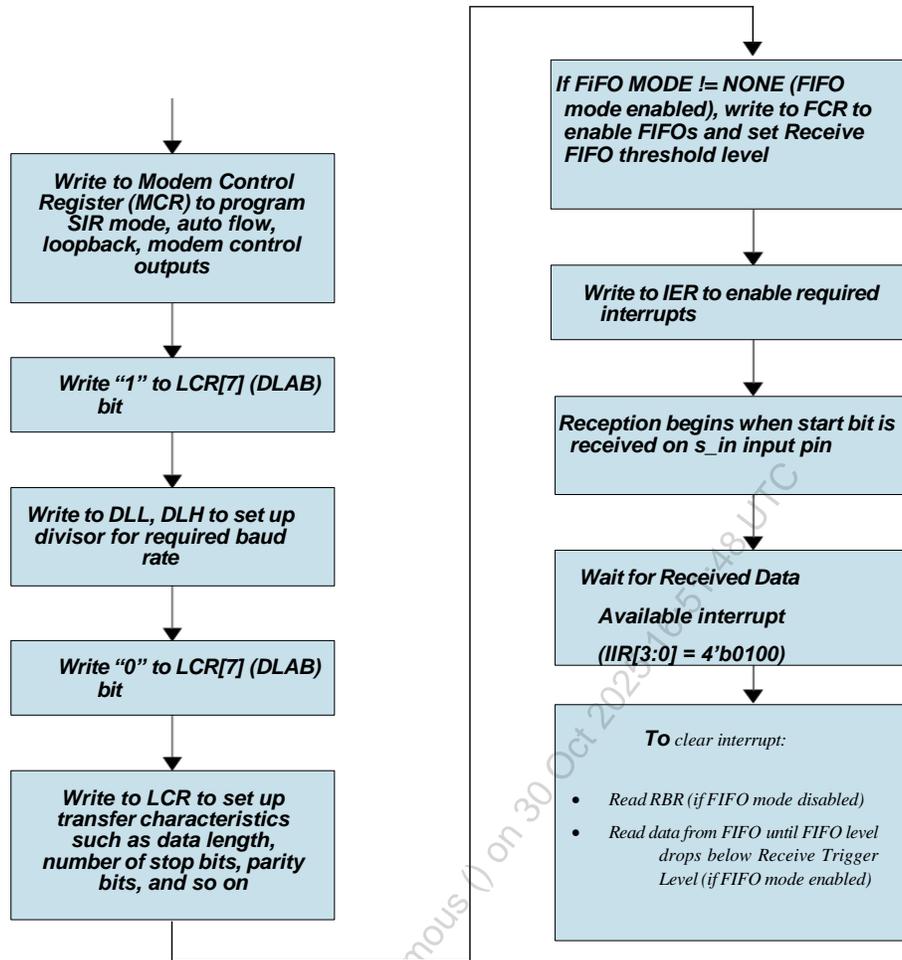


Figure 6. Flowchart UART Receive Programming Example

## 5. References

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- *Astra Machina Foundation Series Quick Start Guide* (PN: 511-001404-01)
- *Astra Machina SL1640 Developer Kit User Guide* (PN: 511-001405-01)
- *Astra Machina SL1620 Developer Kit User Guide* (PN: 511-001407-01)
- *Astra Machina SL1680 Developer Kit User Guide* (PN: 511-001403-01)
- *Astra Machina SL2600 Series Developer Kit User Guide* (PN: 511-001453-01)

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## 6. Revision History

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Revision	Description
A	Initial release.
B	Updated Pinmux Table
C	Added SL261x information.

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